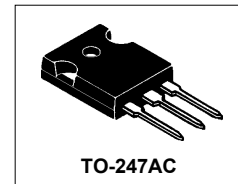


International IOR Rectifier

60CPQ150

SCHOTTKY RECTIFIER

60 Amp



Major Ratings and Characteristics

Characteristics	60CPQ150	Units
$I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform	60	A
V_{RRM}	150	V
I_{FSM} @ $t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine	2300	A
V_F @ 30 Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ (per leg)	0.67	V
T_J range	-55 to 175	$^\circ C$

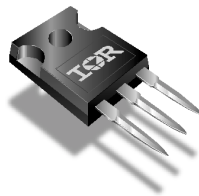
Description/Features

The 60CPQ150 center tap Schottky rectifier series has been optimized for low reverse leakage at high temperature. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to $175^\circ C$ junction temperature. Typical applications are in switching power supplies, converters, free-wheeling diodes, and reverse battery protection.

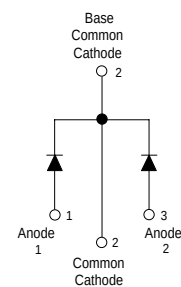
- $175^\circ C$ T_J operation
- Center tap TO-247 package
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- Low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability

Case Styles

60CPQ150



TO-247AC



60CPQ150

Bulletin PD-20402 rev. A 03/02

International
IR Rectifier

Voltage Ratings

Part number	60CPQ150
V_R Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V)	150
V_{RWM} Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V)	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	60CPQ	Units	Conditions
$I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 5 (Per Device)	30 60	A	50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 151^\circ\text{C}$, rectangular wave form
I_{FSM} Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 7	2300 510	A	5 μs Sine or 3 μs Rect. pulse 10ms Sine or 6ms Rect. pulse Following any rated load condition and with rated V_{RWM} applied
E_{AS} Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Per Leg)	0.5	mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{AS} = 1\text{ Amps}$, $L = 1\text{ mH}$
I_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Current (Per Leg)	1	A	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 μsec Frequency limited by T_J max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical

Electrical Specifications

Parameters	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
V_{FM} Max. Forward Voltage Drop (1) (Per Leg) * See Fig. 1	0.80 0.93 0.64 0.74	0.83 0.99 0.67 0.77	V	@ 30A @ 60A @ 30A @ 60A $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{RM} Max. Reverse Leakage Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 2	10 12	100 25	μA mA	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = \text{rated } V_R$
C_T Typical Junction Capacitance (Per Leg)	-	820	pF	$V_R = 5V_{DC}$ (test signal range 100kHz to 1Mhz) @ 25°C
L_S Typical Series Inductance (Per Leg)	-	7.5	nH	Measured lead to lead 5mm from package body
dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change	-	10000	V/ μs	(Rated V_R)

(1) Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2%

Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

Parameters	60CPQ	Units	Conditions
T_J Max. Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{stg} Max. Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Leg) * See Fig. 4	0.8	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	DC operation
R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Package)	0.4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	DC operation
R_{thCS} Typical Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink	0.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	Mounting surface, smooth and greased
wt Approximate Weight	6 (0.21)	g (oz.)	
T Mounting Torque	Min. 6 (5) Max. 12 (10)	Kg-cm (lbf-in)	
Case Style	TO-247AC(TO-3P)	JEDEC	

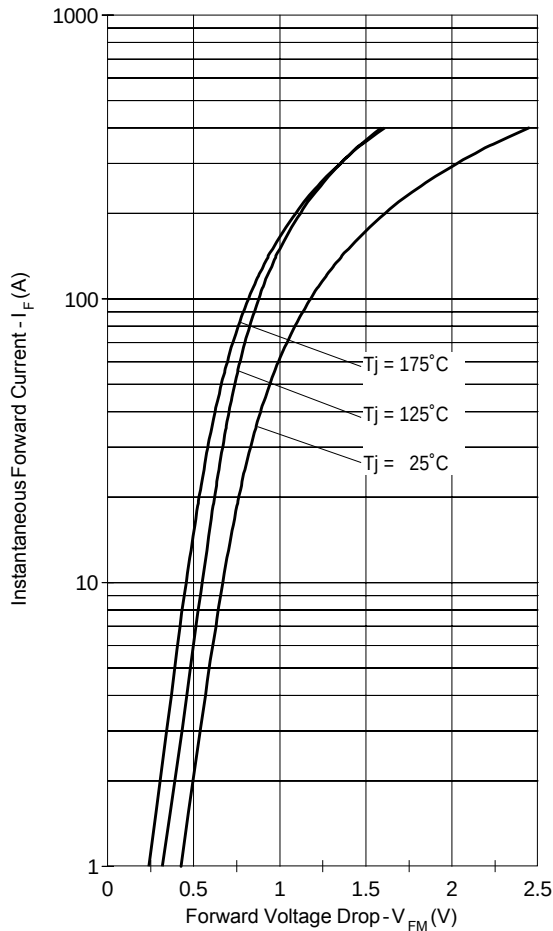


Fig. 1 - Max. Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (Per Leg)

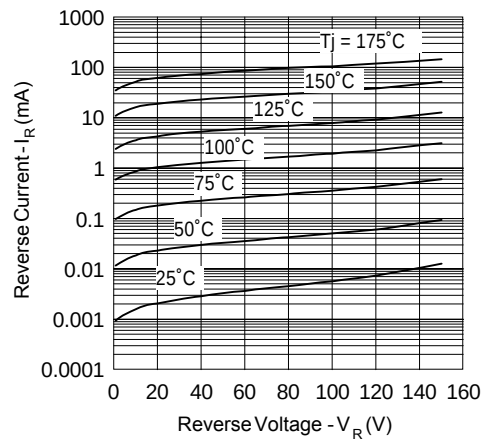


Fig. 2 - Typical Values Of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

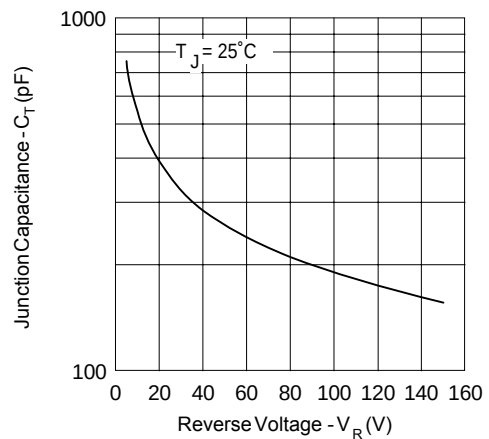


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

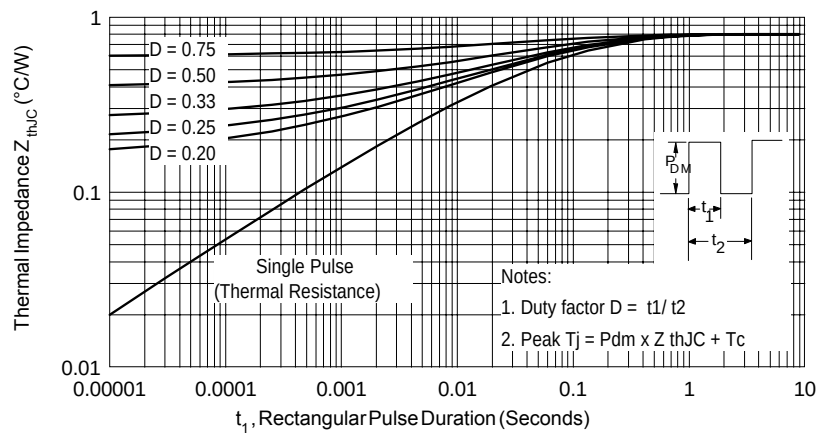


Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics (Per Leg)

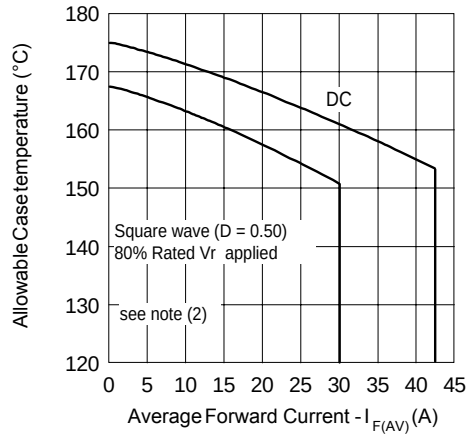


Fig. 5 - Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

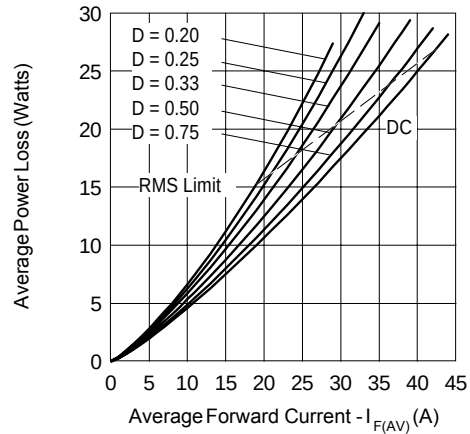


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

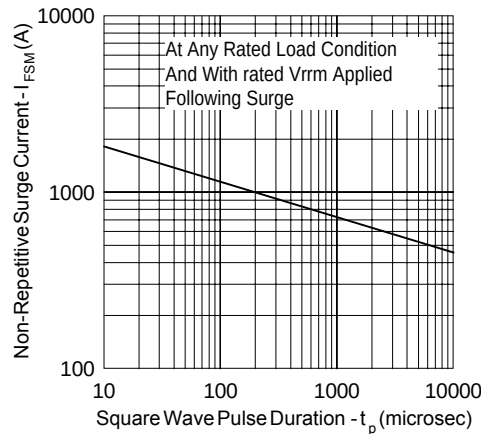


Fig. 7 - Max. Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)

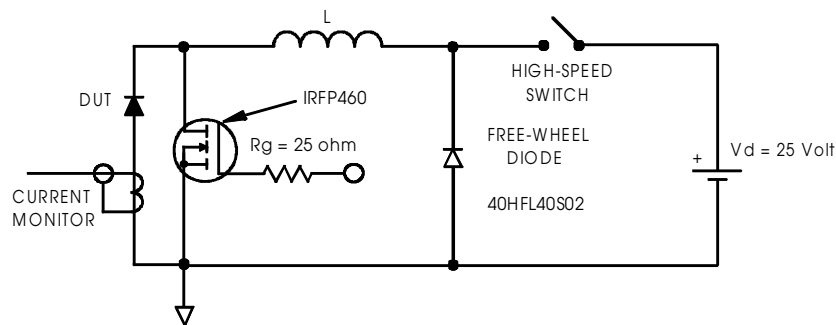


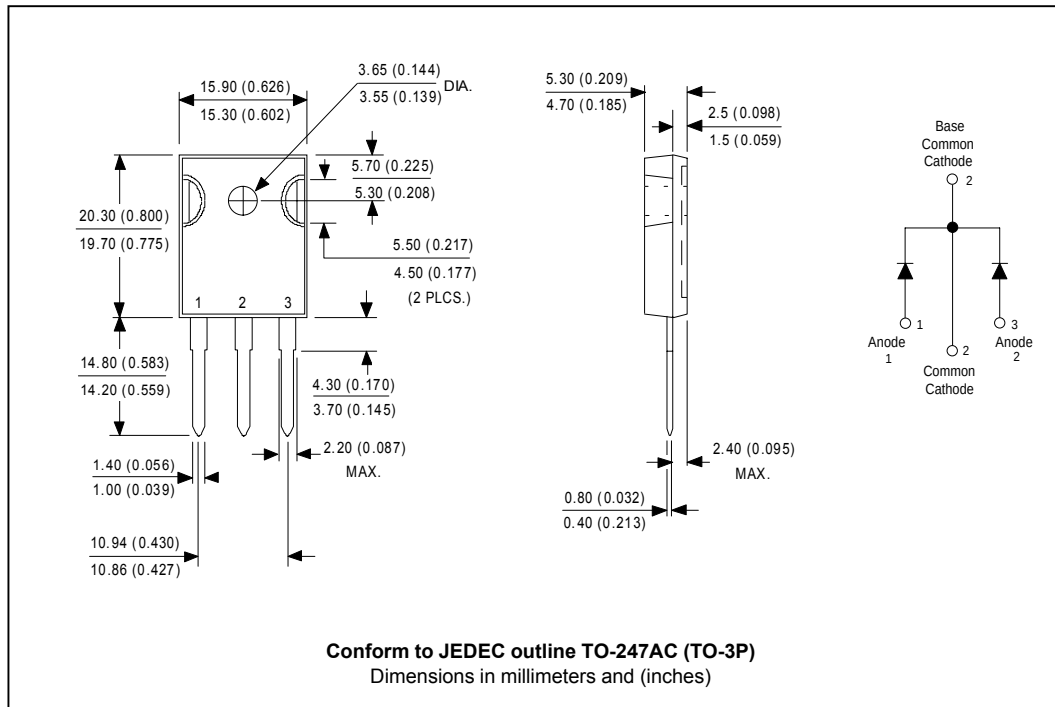
Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

(2) Formula used: $T_C = T_J - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$;

P_d = Forward Power Loss = $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM} @ (I_{F(AV)} / D)$ (see Fig. 6);

$P_{d_{REV}}$ = Inverse Power Loss = $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$; $I_R @ V_{R1} = 80\% \text{ rated } V_R$

Outline Table



Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial Level.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.