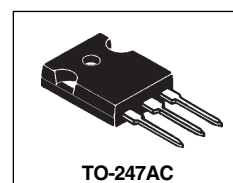


72CPQ030

SCHOTTKY RECTIFIER

70 Amp



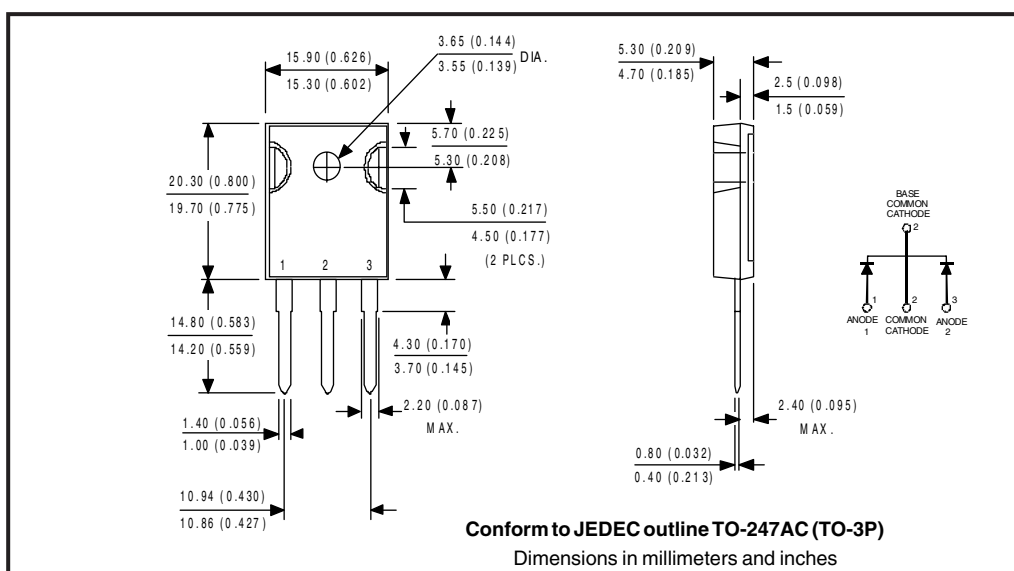
Major Ratings and Characteristics

Characteristics	72CPQ030	Units
$I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform	70	A
V_{RRM}	30	V
I_{FSM} @ $t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine	2180	A
V_F @ 35 Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ (per leg)	0.43	V
T_J range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$

Description/Features

The 72CPQ030 center tap Schottky rectifier series has been optimized for low reverse leakage at high temperature. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to $150^\circ C$ junction temperature. Typical applications are in switching power supplies, converters, free-wheeling diodes, and reverse battery protection.

- $150^\circ C$ T_J operation
- Center tap TO-247 package
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- Low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability



72CPQ030

PD-20557 rev. B 11/99

International
IR Rectifier

Voltage Ratings

Part number	72CPQ030
V_R Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V)	30
V_{RWM} Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V)	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	72CPQ	Units	Conditions
$I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 5 (Per Device)	35 70	A	50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$, rectangular wave form
I_{FSM} Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 7	2180 600	A	5 μs Sine or 3 μs Rect. pulse 10ms Sine or 6ms Rect. pulse Following any rated load condition and with rated V_{RWM} applied
E_{AS} Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Per Leg)	27	mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{AS} = 6\text{ Amps}$, $L = 1.5\text{ mH}$
I_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Current (Per Leg)	6	A	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 μsec Frequency limited by T_J max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical

Electrical Specifications

Parameters	72CPQ	Units	Conditions
V_{FM} Max. Forward Voltage Drop (Per Leg) * See Fig. 1 (1)	0.51	V	@ 35A $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	0.61	V	@ 70A
	0.43	V	@ 35A $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
	0.58	V	@ 70A
I_{RM} Max. Reverse Leakage Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 2 (1)	1.9	mA	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = \text{rated } V_R$
	450	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{F(TO)}$ Threshold Voltage	0.25	V	$T_J = T_J \text{ max.}$
r_t Forward Slope Resistance	4.70	m Ω	
C_T Max. Junction Capacitance (Per Leg)	4600	pF	$V_R = 5V_{DC}$, (test signal range 100Khz to 1Mhz) 25°C
L_S Typical Series Inductance (Per Leg)	7.5	nH	Measured lead to lead 5mm from package body
dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change (Rated V_R)	10,000	V/ μs	

(1) Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2%

Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

Parameters	72CPQ	Units	Conditions
T_J Max. Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{stg} Max. Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$	
R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Leg) * See Fig. 4	0.8	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	DC operation
R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Package)	0.4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	DC operation
R_{thCS} Typical Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink	0.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	Mounting surface, smooth and greased
wt Approximate Weight	6(0.21)	g(oz.)	
T Mounting Torque	Min. 6(5)	Kg-cm (lbf-in)	
	Max. 12(10)		
Case Style	TO-247AC(TO-3P)	JEDEC	

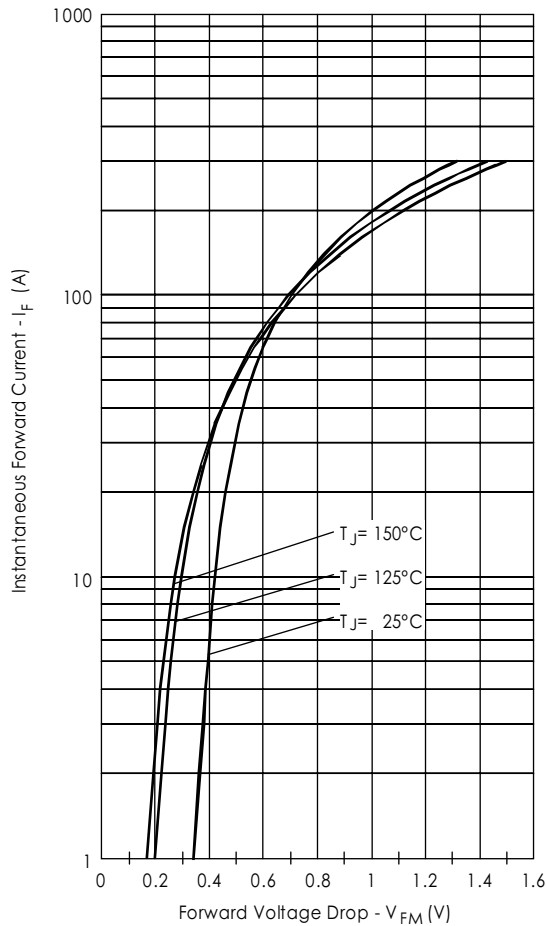


Fig. 1 - Max. Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (PerLeg)

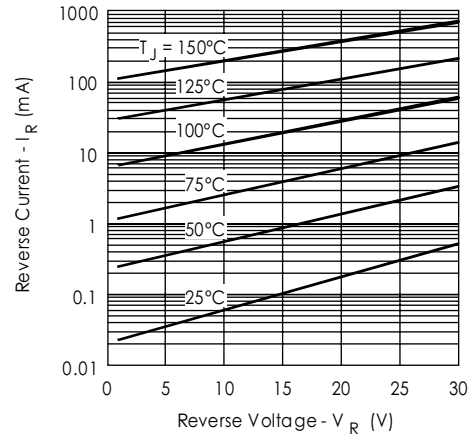


Fig. 2 - Typical Values Of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (PerLeg)

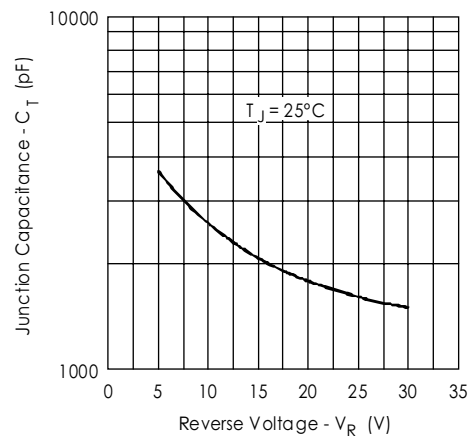


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (PerLeg)

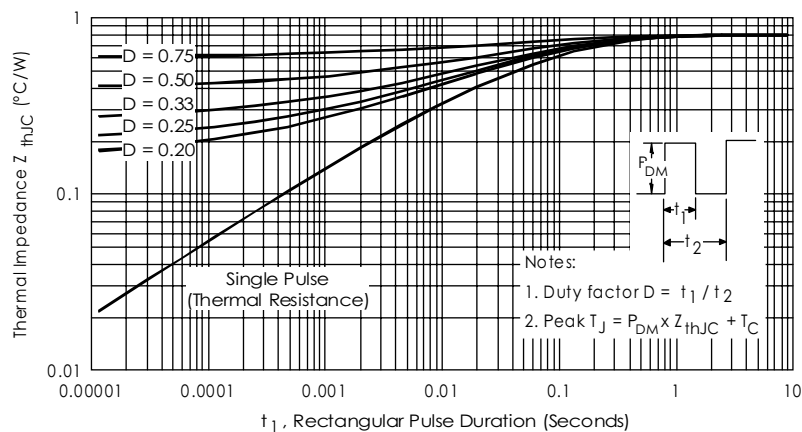


Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics (PerLeg)

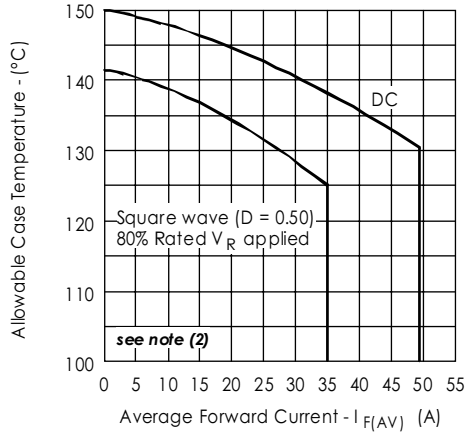


Fig. 5- Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

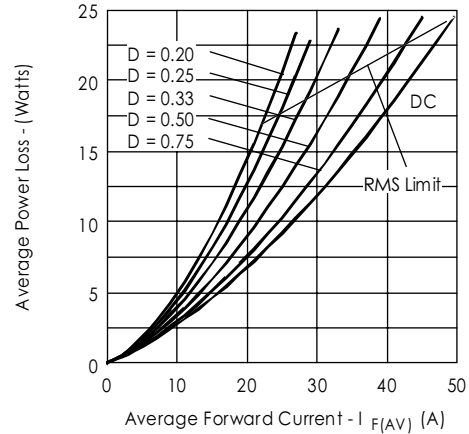


Fig. 6- Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

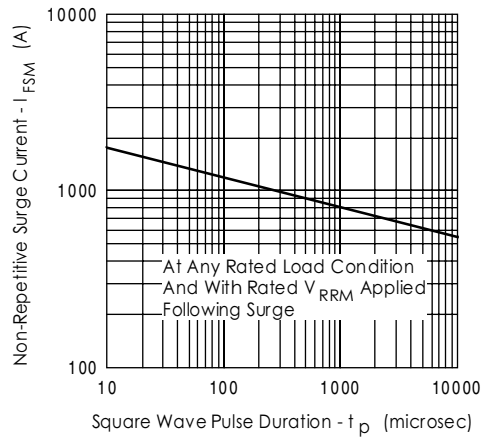


Fig. 7- Max. Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)

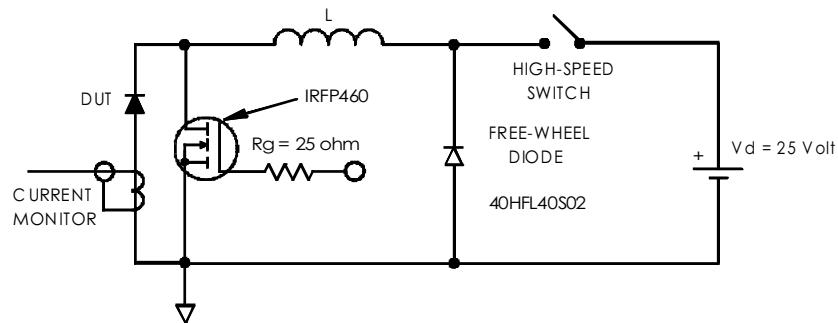


Fig. 8- Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

(2) Formula used: $T_C = T_J - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$;

P_d = Forward Power Loss = $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM} @ (I_{F(AV)} / D)$ (see Fig. 6);

$P_{d_{REV}}$ = Inverse Power Loss = $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$; $I_R @ V_{R1} = 80\% \text{ rated } V_R$

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