



- Converter bridge for 3 phase AC-to-DC power conversion.
- Circuit for dynamic braking of motor regenerative energy.
- 3-phase IGBT inverter bridge configured by the latest 3rd. generation IGBT and diode technology.
- Inverter output current capability  $I_o$  (Note 1):

(Note 1) : The inverter output current is assumed to be sinusoidal and the peak current value of each of the above loading cases is defined as :  $I_{OP} = I_o \times \sqrt{2}$

- For inverter side upper-leg IGBTs : Drive circuit, High voltage isolated high-speed level shifting, Short circuit protection (SC). Bootstrap circuit supply scheme (single drive power supply) and Under voltage protection (UV).
- For inverter side lower-leg IGBTs : Drive circuit, Short circuit protection (SC). Control supply circuit under- & over- voltage protection (OV/UV). System over temperature protection (OT). Fault output signaling circuit (Fo) and Current limit warning signal output (CL).
- For Brake circuit IGBT : Drive circuit
- Warning and Fault signaling :
  - Fo1 : Short circuit protection for lower-leg IGBTs and Input interlocking against spurious arm shoot-through.
  - Fo2 : N-side control supply abnormality locking (OV/UV).
  - Fo3 : System over-temperature protection (OT).
  - CL : Warning for inverter current overload condition
- For system feedback control : Analogue signal feedback reproducing actual inverter output phase currents ( $3\phi$ ).
- Input Interface : 5V CMOS/TTL compatible. Schmitt trigger input, and Arm-Shoot-Through interlock protection.

## Acoustic noise-less 1.5kW/AC200V class 3 phase inverter and other motor control applications

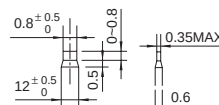
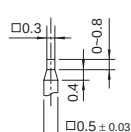
Technical drawing of a rectangular metal plate with the following dimensions and features:

- Overall Dimensions:**
  - Width:  $94.2 \pm 1$
  - Height:  $27 \pm 1$
- Mounting Holes:**
  - Four mounting holes, two on each long side, with diameter  $2 - \phi 4$ .
  - Distance between the center of the two holes on one side:  $50$ .
  - Distance from the side edge to the center of the hole:  $5$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the center of the hole:  $29$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the hole center line:  $(16.25)$ .
- Internal Features:**
  - Four vertical slots, each with a width of  $2.4$ .
  - Distance between the center of the two slots:  $2 \pm 0.3$ .
  - Distance from the top edge to the slot center line:  $0.5$ .
  - Distance from the side edge to the slot center line:  $4 - R2$ .
- Label Area:**
  - Label dimensions:  $5.08 \pm 0.3 \times 9 = 45.72 \pm 0.8$ .
  - Label position:  $1.2$  from the left edge,  $31$  from the bottom edge.
  - Label area is defined by points 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40.
- Other Dimensions:**
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the label area:  $3.5$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the label area:  $8.5$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the label area:  $12$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the label area:  $20.4 \pm 1$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the label area:  $54 \pm 0.5$ .
  - Distance from the bottom edge to the label area:  $62 \pm 1$ .

|    |      |    |    |
|----|------|----|----|
| 1  | CBU+ | 21 | VN |
| 2  | CBU- | 22 | WN |
| 3  | CBV+ | 23 | Br |
| 4  | CBV- |    |    |
| 5  | CBW+ |    |    |
| 6  | CBW- |    |    |
| 7  | GND  |    |    |
| 8  | NC   |    |    |
| 9  | VDH  |    |    |
| 10 | CL   |    |    |
| 11 | FO1  | 31 | R  |
| 12 | FO2  | 32 | S  |
| 13 | FO3  | 33 | T  |
| 14 | CU   | 34 | P1 |
| 15 | CV   | 35 | P2 |
| 16 | CW   | 36 | N  |
| 17 |      | 37 | B  |
| 18 | VP   | 38 | U  |
| 19 | WP   | 39 | V  |
| 20 | UN   | 40 | W  |

\* Control Pin top  
portion details

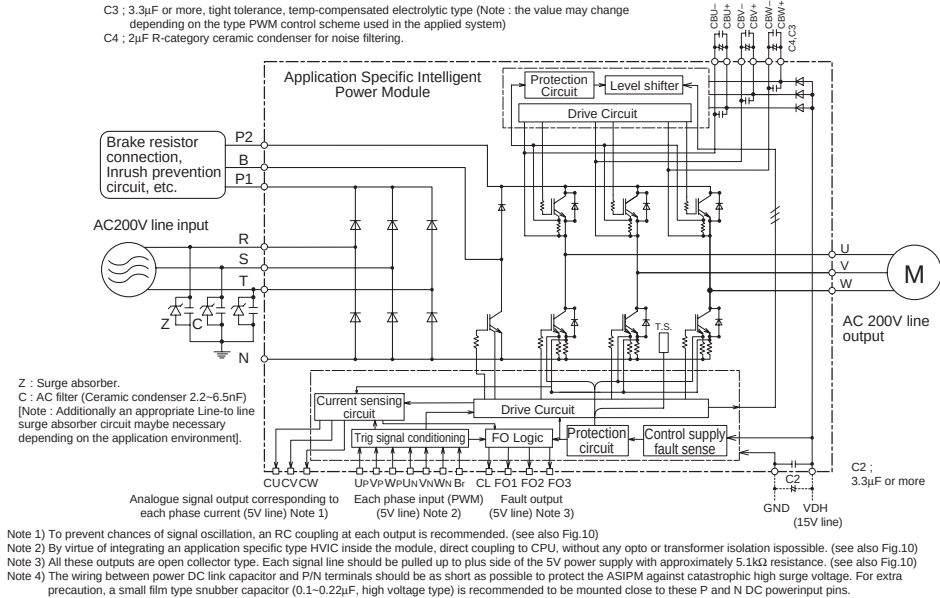
\* Main terminal top  
portion details



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FLAT-BASE TYPE  
INSULATED TYPE

## INTERNAL FUNCTIONS BLOCK DIAGRAM



(Fig. 2)

## MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C)

### INVERTER PART (Including Brake Part)

| Symbol                                 | Item                                                       | Condition                                      | Ratings   | Unit |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>                        | Supply voltage                                             | Applied between P2-N                           | 450       | V    |
| V <sub>CC(surge)</sub>                 | Supply voltage (surge)                                     | Applied between P2-N, Surge-value              | 500       | V    |
| V <sub>P</sub> or V <sub>N</sub>       | Each output IGBT collector-emitter static voltage          | Applied between P-U, V, W, Br or U, V, W, Br-N | 600       | V    |
| V <sub>P(S)</sub> or V <sub>N(S)</sub> | Each output IGBT collector-emitter switching surge voltage | Applied between P-U, V, W, Br or U, V, W, Br-N | 600       | V    |
| ±I <sub>C</sub> (±I <sub>CP</sub> )    | Each output IGBT collector current                         | T <sub>c</sub> = 25°C                          | ±20 (±40) | A    |
| I <sub>C</sub> (I <sub>CP</sub> )      | Brake IGBT collector current                               | Note: "( )" means I <sub>C</sub> peak value    | 8 (16)    | A    |
| I <sub>F</sub> (I <sub>FP</sub> )      | Brake diode anode current                                  |                                                | 8 (16)    | A    |

### CONVERTER PART

| Symbol           | Item                                   | Condition                                  | Ratings | Unit             |
|------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------|------------------|
| V <sub>RRM</sub> | Repetitive peak reverse voltage        |                                            | 800     | V                |
| E <sub>a</sub>   | Recommended AC input voltage           |                                            | 220     | V                |
| I <sub>O</sub>   | DC output current                      | 3φ rectifying circuit                      | 25      | A                |
| I <sub>FSM</sub> | Surge (non-repetitive) forward current | 1 cycle at 60Hz, peak value non-repetitive | 196     | A                |
| I <sub>2</sub> t | I <sub>2</sub> t for fusing            | Value for one cycle of surge current       | 160     | A <sup>2</sup> s |

### CONTROL PART

| Symbol                            | Item                                      | Condition                                                                                                                    | Ratings    | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|
| V <sub>DH</sub> , V <sub>DB</sub> | Supply voltage                            | Applied between V <sub>DH</sub> -GND, CBU+-CBU-, CBV+-CBV-, CBW+-CBW-                                                        | 20         | V    |
| V <sub>CIN</sub>                  | Input signal voltage                      | Applied between U <sub>P</sub> · V <sub>P</sub> · W <sub>P</sub> · U <sub>N</sub> · V <sub>N</sub> · W <sub>N</sub> · Br-GND | -0.5 ~ 7.5 | V    |
| V <sub>FO</sub>                   | Fault output supply voltage               | Applied between FO1 · FO2 · FO3-GND                                                                                          | -0.5 ~ 7   | V    |
| I <sub>FO</sub>                   | Fault output current                      | Sink current of FO1 · FO2 · FO3                                                                                              | 15         | mA   |
| V <sub>CL</sub>                   | Current-limit warning (CL) output voltage | Applied between CL-GND                                                                                                       | -0.5 ~ 7   | V    |
| I <sub>CL</sub>                   | CL output current                         | Sink current of CL                                                                                                           | 15         | mA   |
| I <sub>CO</sub>                   | Analogue current signal output current    | Sink current of CU · CV · CW                                                                                                 | ±1         | mA   |

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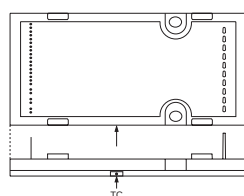
FLAT-BASE TYPE  
INSULATED TYPE

## TOTAL SYSTEM

| Symbol           | Item                              | Condition                                                                          | Ratings     | Unit  |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------|
| T <sub>j</sub>   | Junction temperature              | (Note 2)                                                                           | -20 ~ +125  | °C    |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature               | —                                                                                  | -40 ~ +125  | °C    |
| T <sub>c</sub>   | Module case operating temperature | (Fig. 3)                                                                           | -20 ~ +100  | °C    |
| V <sub>iso</sub> | Isolation voltage                 | 60 Hz sinusoidal AC applied between all terminals and the base plate for 1 minute. | 2500        | Vrms  |
| —                | Mounting torque                   | Mounting screw: M3.5                                                               | 0.78 ~ 1.27 | kg·cm |

Note 2) The item defines the maximum junction temperature for the power elements (IGBT/Diode) of the ASIPM to ensure safe operation. However, these power elements can endure junction temperature as high as 150°C instantaneously. To make use of this additional temperature allowance, a detailed study of the exact application conditions is required and, accordingly, necessary information is requested to be provided before use.

## CASE TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT POINT (3mm from the base surface)



(Fig. 3)

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

| Symbol                 | Item                                | Condition                                      | Ratings |      |       | Unit |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|---------|------|-------|------|
|                        |                                     |                                                | Min.    | Typ. | Max.  |      |
| R <sub>th(j-c)Q</sub>  | Junction to case Thermal Resistance | Inverter IGBT (1/6)                            | —       | —    | 2.3   | °C/W |
| R <sub>th(j-c)F</sub>  |                                     | Inverter FWDi (1/6)                            | —       | —    | 3.1   | °C/W |
| R <sub>th(j-c)QB</sub> |                                     | Brake IGBT                                     | —       | —    | 4.0   | °C/W |
| R <sub>th(j-c)FB</sub> |                                     | Brake FWDi                                     | —       | —    | 6.0   | °C/W |
| R <sub>th(j-c)FR</sub> |                                     | Converter Di (1/6)                             | —       | —    | 4.3   | °C/W |
| R <sub>th(c-f)</sub>   | Contact Thermal Resistance          | Case to fin, thermal grease applied (1 Module) | —       | —    | 0.044 | °C/W |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>DH</sub> = 15V, V<sub>DB</sub> = 15V unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol                 | Item                                                                    | Condition                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Ratings                                                                                                                 |      |      | Unit |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|
|                        |                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Min.                                                                                                                    | Typ. | Max. |      |
| V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>   | Collector-emitter saturation voltage                                    | V <sub>DH</sub> = V <sub>DB</sub> = 15V, Input = ON, T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>c</sub> = 20A                                                                                                                                     | —                                                                                                                       | —    | 2.9  | V    |
| V <sub>EC</sub>        | FWDi forward voltage                                                    | T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>c</sub> = -20A, Input = OFF                                                                                                                                                                            | —                                                                                                                       | —    | 2.9  | V    |
| V <sub>CE(sat)Br</sub> | Brake IGBT Collector-emitter saturation voltage                         | V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V, Input = ON, T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>c</sub> = 8A                                                                                                                                                        | —                                                                                                                       | —    | 3.5  | V    |
| V <sub>FBr</sub>       | Brake diode forward voltage                                             | T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 8A, Input = OFF                                                                                                                                                                              | —                                                                                                                       | —    | 2.9  | V    |
| I <sub>RRM</sub>       | Converter diode reverse current                                         | V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub> , T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C                                                                                                                                                                           | —                                                                                                                       | —    | 8    | mA   |
| V <sub>FR</sub>        | Converter diode voltage                                                 | T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 10A                                                                                                                                                                                          | —                                                                                                                       | —    | 1.5  | V    |
| ton                    | Switching times                                                         | 1/2 Bridge inductive load, Input = ON<br>V <sub>CC</sub> = 300V, I <sub>c</sub> = 20A, T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C<br>V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V, V <sub>DB</sub> = 15V<br>Note : ton, toff include delay time of the internal control circuit | 0.3                                                                                                                     | 0.6  | 1.5  | μs   |
| tc(on)                 |                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —                                                                                                                       | 0.2  | 0.6  | μs   |
| toff                   |                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —                                                                                                                       | 1.1  | 1.8  | μs   |
| tc(off)                |                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —                                                                                                                       | 0.4  | 1.0  | μs   |
| trr                    | FWD reverse recovery time                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | —                                                                                                                       | 0.1  | —    | μs   |
|                        | Short circuit endurance<br>(Output, Arm, and Load, Short Circuit Modes) | V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 400V, Input = ON (one-shot)<br>T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C start<br>13.5V ≤ V <sub>DH</sub> = V <sub>DB</sub> ≤ 16.5V                                                                                                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No destruction</li> <li>Fo output by protection operation</li> </ul>             |      |      |      |
|                        | Switching SOA                                                           | V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 400V, T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 125°C,<br>I <sub>c</sub> < I <sub>OL</sub> (CL) operation level, Input = ON<br>13.5V ≤ V <sub>DH</sub> = V <sub>DB</sub> ≤ 16.5V                                                            | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No destruction</li> <li>No protecting operation</li> <li>No Fo output</li> </ul> |      |      |      |

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FLAT-BASE TYPE  
INSULATED TYPE

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>j</sub> = 25°C, V<sub>DH</sub> = 15V, V<sub>DB</sub> = 15V unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol                | Item                                                            | Condition                                                                                        | Ratings |       |       | Unit |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|------|
|                       |                                                                 |                                                                                                  | Min.    | Typ.  | Max.  |      |
| I <sub>DH</sub>       | Circuit current                                                 | V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V, V <sub>CIN</sub> = 5V                                                     | —       | —     | 150   | mA   |
| V <sub>th(on)</sub>   | Input on threshold voltage                                      |                                                                                                  | 0.8     | 1.4   | 2.0   | V    |
| V <sub>th(off)</sub>  | Input off threshold voltage                                     |                                                                                                  | 2.5     | 3.0   | 4.0   | V    |
| R <sub>i</sub>        | Input pull-up resistor                                          | Integrated between input terminal-V <sub>DH</sub>                                                | —       | 150   | —     | kΩ   |
| f <sub>PWM</sub>      | PWM input frequency                                             | T <sub>c</sub> ≤ 100°C, T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 125°C                                                   | 2       | —     | 20    | kHz  |
| t <sub>xx</sub>       | Allowable input on-pulse width                                  | V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V, T <sub>c</sub> = -20°C ~ +100°C (Note 3)                                  | 1       | —     | 500   | μs   |
| t <sub>dead</sub>     | Allowable input signal dead time for blocking arm shoot-through | Relates to corresponding input (Except brake part) T <sub>c</sub> = -20°C ~ +100°C               | 2.2     | —     | —     | μs   |
| t <sub>int</sub>      | Input inter-lock sensing                                        | Relates to corresponding input (Except brake part)                                               | —       | 65    | 100   | ns   |
| V <sub>CO</sub>       | Analogue signal linearity with output current                   | I <sub>c</sub> = 0A                                                                              | 1.87    | 2.27  | 2.57  | V    |
| V <sub>C+(200%)</sub> |                                                                 | I <sub>c</sub> = I <sub>OP</sub> (200%)                                                          | 0.77    | 1.17  | 1.47  | V    |
| V <sub>C-(200%)</sub> |                                                                 | I <sub>c</sub> = -I <sub>OP</sub> (200%) (Fig. 4)                                                | 2.97    | 3.37  | 3.67  | V    |
| ΔV <sub>CO</sub>      | Offset change area vs temperature                               | V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V, T <sub>c</sub> = -20°C ~ +100°C                                           | —       | 15    | —     | mV   |
| V <sub>C+</sub>       | Analogue signal output voltage limit                            | I <sub>c</sub> > I <sub>OP</sub> (200%), V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V (Fig. 4)                          | —       | —     | 0.7   | V    |
| V <sub>C-</sub>       |                                                                 |                                                                                                  | 4.0     | —     | —     | V    |
| ΔV <sub>C(200%)</sub> | Analogue signal over all linear variation                       | V <sub>CO</sub> -V <sub>C±</sub> (200%)                                                          | —       | 1.1   | —     | V    |
| r <sub>CH</sub>       | Analogue signal data hold accuracy                              | Correspond to max. 500μs data hold period only, I <sub>c</sub> = I <sub>OP</sub> (200%) (Fig. 5) | -5      | —     | 5     | %    |
| t <sub>d(read)</sub>  | Analogue signal reading time                                    | After input signal trigger point (Fig. 8)                                                        | —       | 3     | —     | μs   |
| ±I <sub>OL</sub>      | Current limit warning (CL) operation level                      | V <sub>DH</sub> = 15V, T <sub>c</sub> = -20°C ~ +100°C (Note 4)                                  | 20.35   | 24.70 | 29.00 | A    |
| I <sub>CL(H)</sub>    | Signal output current of CL operation                           | Idle                                                                                             | —       | —     | 1     | μA   |
| I <sub>CL(L)</sub>    |                                                                 | Active                                                                                           | —       | 1     | —     | mA   |
| SC                    | Short circuit over current trip level                           | T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C (Fig. 7) (Note 5)                                                          | 30.0    | 53.0  | 76.0  | A    |
| OT                    | Over temperature protection                                     | Trip level                                                                                       | 100     | 110   | 120   | °C   |
| OT <sub>r</sub>       |                                                                 | Reset level                                                                                      | —       | 90    | —     | °C   |
| UV <sub>DH</sub>      | Supply circuit under & over voltage protection                  | Trip level                                                                                       | 11.05   | 12.00 | 12.75 | V    |
| UV <sub>DHr</sub>     |                                                                 | Reset level                                                                                      | 11.55   | 12.50 | 13.25 | V    |
| OV <sub>DH</sub>      |                                                                 | Trip level                                                                                       | 18.00   | 19.20 | 20.15 | V    |
| OV <sub>DHr</sub>     |                                                                 | Reset level                                                                                      | 16.50   | 17.50 | 18.65 | V    |
| UV <sub>DB</sub>      |                                                                 | Trip level                                                                                       | 10.0    | 11.0  | 12.0  | V    |
| UV <sub>DBr</sub>     |                                                                 | Reset level                                                                                      | 10.5    | 11.5  | 12.5  | V    |
| t <sub>dV</sub>       |                                                                 | Filter time                                                                                      | —       | 10    | —     | μs   |
| I <sub>FO(H)</sub>    | Fault output current                                            | Idle                                                                                             | —       | —     | 1     | μA   |
| I <sub>FO(L)</sub>    |                                                                 | Active                                                                                           | —       | 1     | —     | mA   |

(Note 3) : (a) Allowable minimum input on-pulse width : This item applies to P-side circuit only.

(b) Allowable maximum input on-pulse width : This item applies to both P-side and N-side circuits excluding the brake circuit.

(Note4) : CL output : The "current limit warning (CL) operation circuit outputs warning signal whenever the arm current exceeds this limit. The circuit is reset automatically by the next input signal and thus, it operates on a pulse-by-pulse scheme.

(Note5) : The short circuit protection works instantaneously when a high short circuit current flows through an internal IGBT rising up momentarily. The protection function is, thus meant primarily to protect the ASIPM against short circuit distraction. Therefore, this function is not recommended to be used for any system load current regulation or any over load control as this might, cause a failure due to excessive temperature rise. Instead, the analogue current output feature or the over load warning feature (CL) should be appropriately used for such current regulation or over load control operation. In other words, the PWM signals to the ASIPM should be shut down, in principle, and not to be restarted before the junction temperature would recover to normal, as soon as a fault is feed back from its Fo1 pin of the ASIPM indicating a short circuit situation.

## RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS

| Symbol                              | Item                            | Condition                                                             | Ratings    | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>                     | Supply voltage                  | Applied across P2-N terminals                                         | 400 (max.) | V    |
| V <sub>DH</sub> , V <sub>DB</sub>   | Control supply voltage          | Applied between V <sub>DH</sub> -GND, CBU+-CBU-, CBV+-CBV-, CBW+-CBW- | 15±1.5     | V    |
| ΔV <sub>DH</sub> , ΔV <sub>DB</sub> | Supply voltage ripple           |                                                                       | ±1 (max.)  | V/μs |
| V <sub>CIN(on)</sub>                | Input on voltage                |                                                                       | 0 ~ 0.3    | V    |
| V <sub>CIN(off)</sub>               | Input off voltage               |                                                                       | 4.8 ~ 5.0  | V    |
| f <sub>PWM</sub>                    | PWM Input frequency             | Using application circuit                                             | 2 ~ 20     | kHz  |
| t <sub>dead</sub>                   | Arm shoot-through blocking time | Using application circuit                                             | 2.2 (min.) | μs   |

Jan. 2000

Fig. 4 OUTPUT CURRENT ANALOGUE SIGNALING LINEARITY

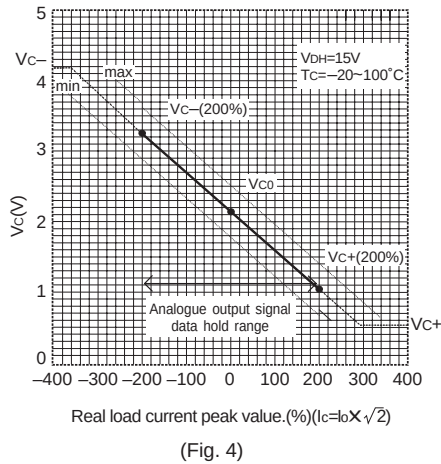


Fig. 5 OUTPUT CURRENT ANALOGUE SIGNALING "DATA HOLD" DEFINITION

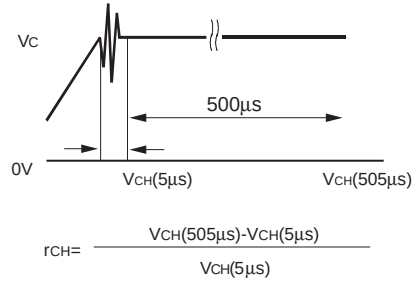
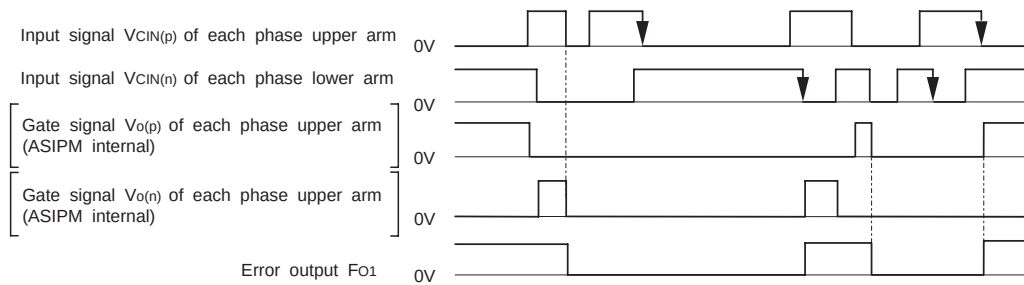


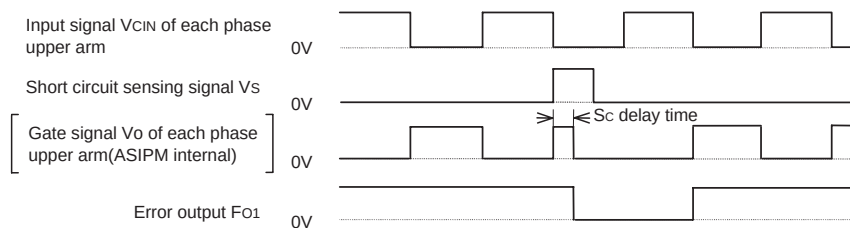
Fig. 6 INPUT INTERLOCK OPERATION TIMING CHART



Note : Input interlock protection circuit ; It is operated when the input signals for any upper-arm / lower-arm pair of a phase are simultaneously in "LOW" level.

By this interlocking, both upper and lower IGBTs of this mal-triggered phase are cut off, and "Fo" signal is outputted. After an "input interlock" operation the circuit is latched. The "Fo" is reset by the high-to-low going edge of either an upper-leg, or a lower-leg input, whichever comes in later.

Fig. 7 TIMING CHART AND SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION OPERATION



Note : Short circuit protection operation. The protection operates with "Fo" flag and reset on a pulse-by-pulse scheme. The protection by gate shutdown is given only to the IGBT that senses an overload (excluding the IGBT for the "Brake").

Fig. 8 INVERTER OUTPUT ANALOGUE CURRENT SENSING AND SIGNALING TIMING CHART

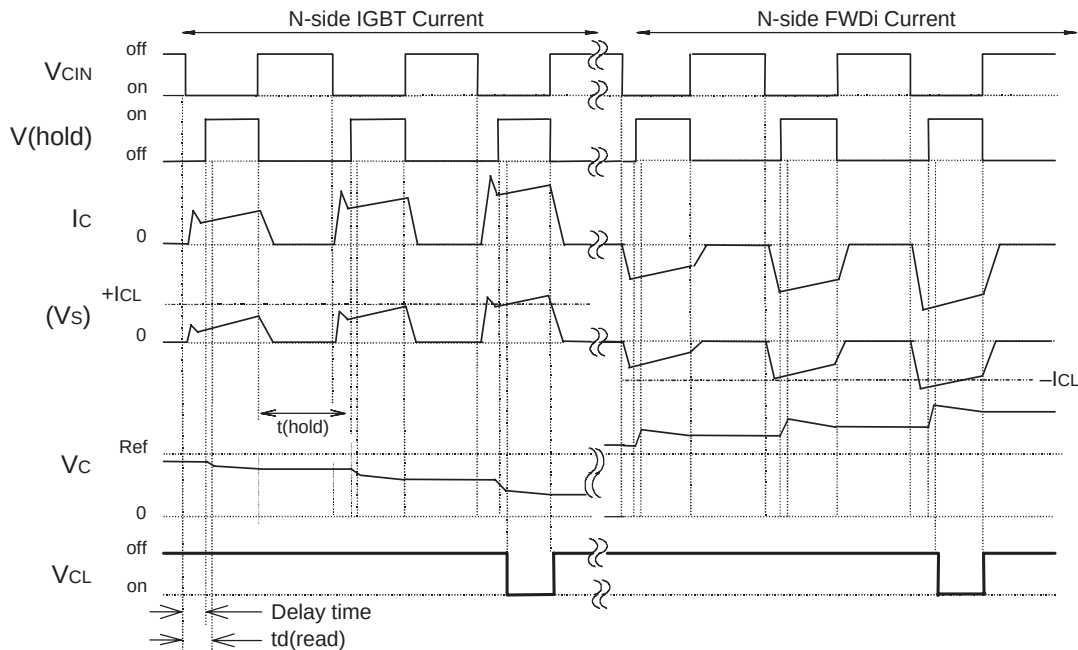
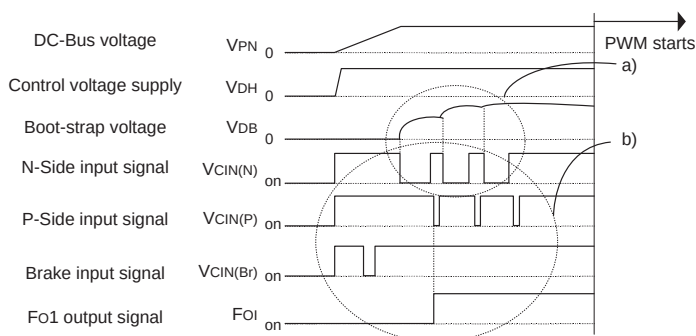


Fig. 9 START-UP SEQUENCE

Normally at start-up, Fo and CL output signals will be pulled-up High to Supply voltage (OFF level); however, Fo1 output may fall to Low (ON) level at the instant of the first ON input pulse to an N-Side IGBT. This can happen particularly when the boot-strap capacitor is of large size. Fo1 resetting sequence (together with the boot-strap charging sequence) is explained in the following graph



**a) Boot-strap charging scheme :**

Apply a train of short ON pulses at all N-IGBT input pins for adequate charging (pulse width = approx. 20μs number of pulses = 10 ~ 500 depending on the boot-strap capacitor size)

**b) Fo1 resetting sequence:**

Apply ON signals to the following input pins : Br → Un/Vn/Wn → Up/Vp/Wp in that order.

Fig. 10 RECOMMENDED I/O INTERFACE CIRCUIT

