

# DISCRETE POWER DIODES and THYRISTORS DATA BOOK



### ST380C..C SERIES

#### PHASE CONTROL THYRISTORS

#### **Hockey Puk Version**

#### **Features**

- Center amplifying gate
- Metal case with ceramic insulator
- International standard case TO-200AB (E-PUK)
- Low profile hockey-puk to increase current-carrying capability

#### **Typical Applications**

- DC motor controls
- Controlled DC power supplies
- AC controllers

#### Major Ratings and Characteristics

Parameters		ST380CC	Units	
I <sub>T(AV)</sub>		960	А	
	@ T <sub>hs</sub>	55	°C	
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>		1900	А	
	@ T <sub>hs</sub>	25	°C	
I <sub>TSM</sub>	@ 50Hz	15000	А	
	@ 60Hz	15700	А	
I <sup>2</sup> t	@ 50Hz	1130	KA <sup>2</sup> s	
	@ 60Hz	1030	KA <sup>2</sup> s	
V <sub>DRM</sub> /V <sub>RRM</sub>		400 to 600	V	
t <sub>q</sub>	typical	100	μs	
T <sub>J</sub>		- 40 to 125	°C	





case style TO-200AB (E-PUK)

## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**Voltage Ratings

Type number	Voltage Code	V <sub>DRM</sub> /V <sub>RRM</sub> , max. repetitive peak and off-state voltage V	V <sub>RSM</sub> , maximum non- repetitive peak voltage V	$I_{DRM}/I_{RRM}$ max. @ $T_J = T_J$ max mA
ST200C C	04	400	500	50
ST380CC	06	600	700	50

#### On-state Conduction

	Parameter	ST380CC	Units	Conditions			
I <sub>T(AV)</sub>	Max. average on-state current	960 (440)	Α	180° conduction, half sine wave		wave	
, ,	@ Heatsink temperature	55 (75)	°C	double side (single side) cooled		cooled	
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	Max. RMS on-state current	1900		DC @ 25°C	heatsink temp	erature double side cooled	
I <sub>TSM</sub>	Max. peak, one-cycle	15000		t = 10ms	No voltage		
	non-repetitive surge current	15700	Α	t = 8.3ms	reapplied		
		12600		t = 10ms	100% V <sub>RRM</sub>		
		13200		t = 8.3ms	reapplied	Sinusoidal half wave,	
l <sup>2</sup> t	Maximum I <sup>2</sup> t for fusing	1130		t = 10ms	No voltage	Initial $T_J = T_J$ max.	
		1030	KA <sup>2</sup> s	t = 8.3ms	reapplied		
	800 KA <sup>2</sup> s		KA S	t = 10ms	100% V <sub>RRM</sub>		
		725	•	t = 8.3ms	reapplied		
I <sup>2</sup> √t	Maximum I <sup>2</sup> √t for fusing	11300	KA <sup>2</sup> √s	t = 0.1 to 10ms, no voltage reapplied			
V <sub>T(TO)1</sub>	Low level value of threshold voltage	0.85	.,	$V = \frac{(16.7\% \times \pi \times I_{T(AV)} < I < \pi \times I_{T(AV)}), T_{J} = T_{J} \text{ max.}}{(I > \pi \times I_{T(AV)}), T_{J} = T_{J} \text{ max.}}$		$x I_{T(AV)}, T_J = T_J max.$	
V <sub>T(TO)2</sub>	High level value of threshold voltage	0.88	V			:	
r <sub>t1</sub>	Low level value of on-state slope resistance	0.25	mΩ	$(16.7\% \times \pi \times I_{T(AV)} < I < \pi \times I_{T(AV)}), T_J = T_{T(AV)}$		$x I_{T(AV)}$ ), $T_J = T_J max$ .	
r <sub>t2</sub>	High level value of on-state slope resistance	0.24	11122	$(I > \pi \times I_{T(AV)}), T_J = T_J \text{ max.}$		۲.	
V <sub>TM</sub>	Max. on-state voltage	1.60	V	$I_{pk}$ = 3000A, $T_J = T_J \text{ max}$ , $t_p$ = 10ms sine pulse			
I <sub>H</sub>	Maximum holding current	600					
I <sub>L</sub>	Typical latching current	1000	mA	1 <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	$T_J = 25$ °C, anode supply 12V resistive load		

#### Switching

	Parameter	ST380CC	Units	Conditions
di/dt	Max. non-repetitive rate of rise of turned-on current	1000	A/µs	Gate drive 20V, $20\Omega$ , $t_r \le 1 \mu s$ $T_J = T_J \text{ max, anode voltage } \le 80\% \text{ V}_{DRM}$
t <sub>d</sub>	Typical delay time	1.0	II.e	Gate current 1A, $d_g/dt = 1A/\mu s$ $V_d = 0.67\% V_{DRM} T_J = 25^{\circ}C$
tq	Typical turn-off time	100	μs	$I_{TM}$ = 550A, $T_J$ = $T_J$ max, di/dt = 40A/ $\mu$ s, $V_R$ = 50V dv/dt = 20V/ $\mu$ s, Gate 0V 100 $\Omega$ , $t_p$ = 500 $\mu$ s

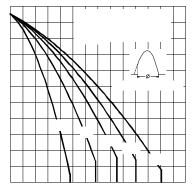


Fig. 3 - Current Ratings Characteristics

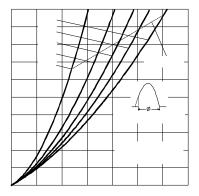


Fig. 5- On-state Power Loss Characteristics

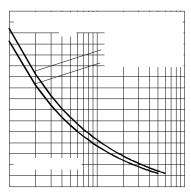


Fig. 7 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Single and Double Side Cooled

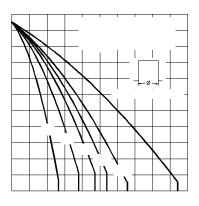


Fig. 4 - Current Ratings Characteristics

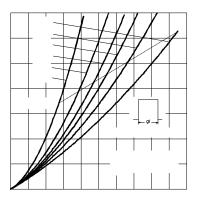


Fig. 6- On-state Power Loss Characteristics

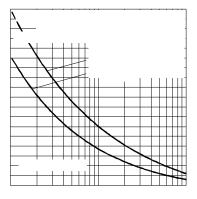


Fig. 8 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current Single and Double Side Cooled

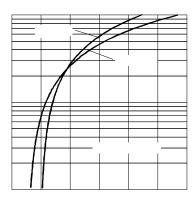


Fig. 9 - On-state Voltage Drop Characteristics

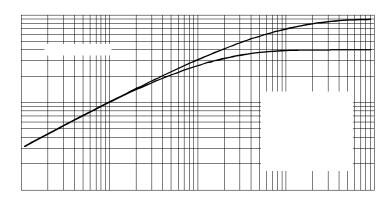


Fig. 10 - Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJ-hs}$  Characteristics

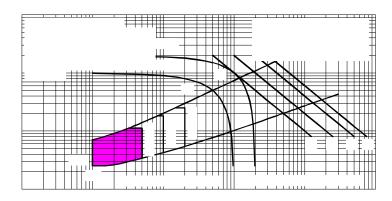


Fig. 11 - Gate Characteristics

#### Blocking

	Parameter	ST380CC Units		Conditions	
dv/	dt Maximum critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	500	V/µs	$T_J = T_J$ max. linear to 80% rated $V_{DRM}$	
I <sub>RRN</sub>	lookago current	50	mA	$T_J = T_J \text{ max, rated } V_{DRM} / V_{RRM} \text{ applied}$	

#### Triggering

	Parameter	ST380CC		Units	Conditions		
P <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak gate power	10.0		w	$T_J = T_J \text{ max, } t_D \le 5 \text{ms}$		
P <sub>G(AV)</sub>	Maximum average gate power	2.	2.0		$T_{J} = T_{J} \text{ max, } f = 50 \text{Hz, } d\% = 50$		
I <sub>GM</sub>	Max. peak positive gate current	3.	.0	Α	$T_J = T_J \text{ max, } t_p$	≤ 5ms	
+V <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak positive gate voltage	20 5.0		V			
-V <sub>GM</sub>	Maximum peak negative gate voltage			V	$T_J = T_J \text{ max, } t_p \le 5 \text{ms}$		
		TYP.	MAX.				
١,	DC gate current required	200	-		T <sub>J</sub> = - 40°C		
GT	to trigger	100	200	mA	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	Max. required gate trigger/ cur-	
	30	50	-		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C	rent/voltage are the lowest value	
.,		2.5	-		T <sub>J</sub> = - 40°C	which will trigger all units 12V anode-to-cathode applied	
V <sub>GT</sub>	DC gate voltage required to trigger	1.8	3.0	V	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		
	to trigger	1.1	-		T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		
I <sub>GD</sub>	DC gate current not to trigger	10		mA		Max. gate current/voltage not to	
V <sub>GD</sub>	DC gate voltage not to trigger	0.25		V	$T_J = T_J \text{ max}$	trigger is the max. value which will not trigger any unit with rated V <sub>DRM</sub> anode-to-cathode applied	

#### Thermal and Mechanical Specification

	Parameter	ST380CC	Units	Conditions
T <sub>J</sub>	Max. operating temperature range	c. operating temperature range -40 to 125		
T <sub>stg</sub>	Max. storage temperature range	-40 to 150	°C	
R <sub>thJ-h</sub>	Max. thermal resistance,	0.09	12/10/	DC operation single side cooled
	junction to heatsink	0.04	K/W	DC operation double side cooled
R <sub>thC-h</sub>	s Max. thermal resistance,	0.02	K/W	DC operation single side cooled
	case to heatsink	0.01	IX/VV	DC operation double side cooled
F	Mounting force, ± 10%	9800	N	
		(1000)	(Kg)	
wt	Approximate weight	83	g	
Case style		TO - 200AB (E-PUK)		See Outline Table

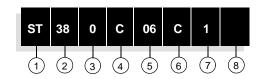
#### $\Delta R_{\text{thJ-hs}}$ Conduction

(The following table shows the increment of thermal resistence  $R_{thJ-hs}$  when devices operate at different conduction angles than DC)

Conduction angle	Sinusoidal	conduction	Rectangular conduction		Units	Conditions
Conduction angle	Single Side	Double Side	Single Side	Double Side	Office	Conditions
180°	0.010	0.011	0.007	0.007		$T_J = T_J \text{ max.}$
120°	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.013		
90°	0.015	0.015	0.016	0.017	K/W	
60°	0.022	0.022	0.023	0.023		
30°	0.036	0.036	0.036	0.037		

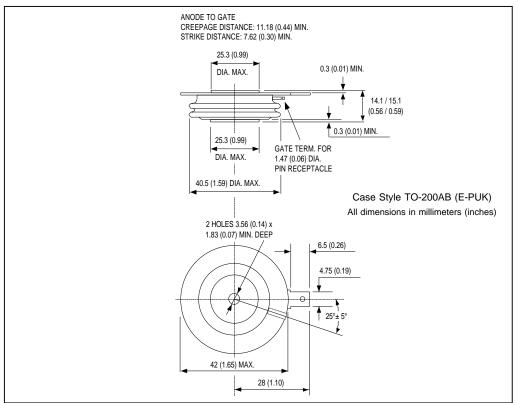
#### Ordering Information Table

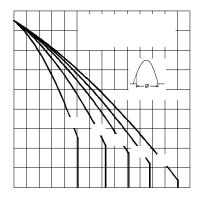
**Device Code** 



- 1 Thyristor
- Essential part number
- 3 0 = Converter grade
- 4 C = Ceramic Puk
- 5 Voltage code: Code x 100 = V<sub>RRM</sub> (See Voltage Rating Table)
- 6 C = Puk Case TO-200AB (E-PUK)
- 7 0 = Eyelet terminals (Gate and Auxiliary Cathode Unsoldered Leads)
  - 1 = Fast-on terminals (Gate and Auxiliary Cathode Unsoldered Leads)
  - 2 = Eyelet terminals (Gate and Auxiliary Cathode Soldered Leads)
  - 3 = Fast-on terminals (Gate and Auxiliary Cathode Soldered Leads)
- 8 Critical dv/dt: None = 500V/µsec (Standard selection)
  - L = 1000V/µsec (Special selection)

#### Outline Table





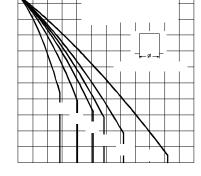


Fig. 1 - Current Ratings Characteristics

Fig. 2 - Current Ratings Characteristics